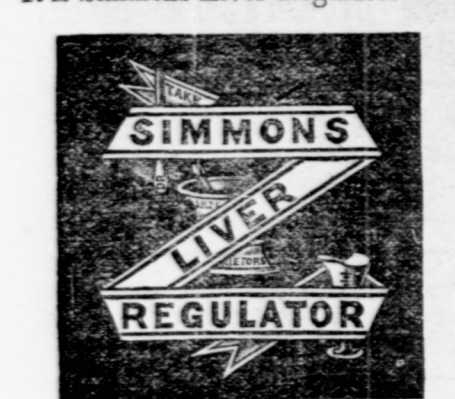


SILVER OR GOLD.

Better than either is a healthy liver. It is and always has been put up only by J. H. Zeilin & Co. Take note that the genuine. It has the Red Z on the front of the wrapper, and nothing else is the same, and nothing so good.



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PROFESSIONAL COLUMN.

ATTORNEYS.

H. R. HOGG, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

GRANT E. LILLY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

J. C. & D. M. CHENAULT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

STEPHEN D. PARRISH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

GREEN CLAY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

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CHAS. HOOKER, VETERINARY SURGEON, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

H. C. JASPER, M. D., MEDICINE AND SURGERY, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

DR. O. A. KENNEDY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

DR. JOHN M. FOSTER, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

G. W. EVANS, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

DR. T. J. TAYLOR, PRACTITIONER IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

DENTAL SURGERY.

DR. A. WILKES SMITH, DENTAL SURGEON, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

J. C. MORGAN, J. A. YATES, MORGAN & YATES, DENTISTS, RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

Blacksmith.

George Thorpe, Second Street, between Main and S. Water, rear of Dillingham building, Richmond, Ky. Ready to do all kinds of blacksmithing promptly in the best workmanlike manner.

TAKING THE GOLD CURE.



HOBART AND THE COAL TRUST.

He is the Founder and Promoter of a Criminal Conspiracy.

COAL AT \$10 A TON.

The People of the United States Compelled to Annually Submit to Systematic Robbery.

Garrett A. Hobart, the Personal Representative and Paid Lobbyist of J. Pierpont Morgan, is a Man as a President?

You are going to pay ten dollars a ton for your winter supply of coal. This will be a part of your contribution to the republican campaign corruption fund.

Garrett A. Hobart, the republican nominee for president, is the founder, promoter and one of the chief beneficiaries of the anthracite coal trust, the most criminal and heartless conspiracy against the American people that has ever carried into merciless execution.

This is not a cheapening lie. It is an absolute fact, and is a part of the history of the infamous Reading combine with its colossal conspiracy, backed by \$500,000,000 of capital.

Mr. Hobart says there is no coal trust. What do you think about it? Who do you suppose raised the price of coal from \$5 to \$10 a ton in the season of 1895-96? Do you suppose hard coal is worth ten, nine, or eight, or seven, or six dollars a ton?

And are you thinking of voting for a ticket with Garrett A. Hobart on it? Garrett A. Hobart, the paid attorney and legal representative of J. Pierpont Morgan; Garrett A. Hobart, who has promoted and engineered more trusts and invented more legal tricks with which to defeat justice and oppress the people than any man in the United States.

The man who votes for Hobart for any office in the gift of the American people deserves to be robbed by trusts and compelled to spend the season of his life in abject slavery and poverty.

The man who declines against trusts three years and nine months and then spends three months selling and working for the biggest trust robber in the United States and winds up by voting to make him the president of the United States should take to an insurance policy against the fool killer.

Imagine the people of the United States engaged in a struggle against the trusts, with J. Pierpont Morgan's man, Hobart, the president of the United States senate! Any voter who will endorse such a calamity will cheerfully give it is given a chance to disfranchise himself.

Suppose the possible course of events that McKinley should die while in office? We would then have Mr. Garrett A. Hobart, founder and heavy stockholder in the coal trust (ten dollars a ton), as president of the United States of America. There is nothing in the burlesque or comic opera more grotesque than this, and yet we are told that several millions of American workmen who use coal, and who are annually swindled out of millions of dollars by Mr. Hobart and his fellow-conspirators, now seriously propose to turn over to Mr. Hobart the absolute

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Free Coinage of Silver Would Set Idle Capital to Work.

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The free coinage of silver would give capital to come out of the banks and safe deposits and usefully employ itself. That would give us good times, and good times are what the wage-earner, the manufacturer and the merchant are aching for.

Nobody who profits by hard times is the kind of person who benefits the country. Everybody who profits by hard times is the kind of person who benefits the country.

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The people can save themselves who are interested in the maintenance of the single gold standard. They are all very close, in one way or another, to the fountain of gold.

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The Climax Printing Co.  
PRICE PER YEAR, \$1.50.  
IN ADVANCE, \$1.25

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1896.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE	One Week	Two Weeks	One Month	Three Months	Six Months	One Year
1 inch	\$1.00	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$7.50	\$12.00	\$20.00
2 inches	\$1.50	\$2.60	\$4.50	\$11.25	\$18.00	\$30.00
3 inches	\$2.00	\$3.50	\$6.00	\$15.00	\$24.00	\$40.00
4 inches	\$2.50	\$4.25	\$7.50	\$18.75	\$30.00	\$50.00
5 inches	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$9.00	\$22.50	\$36.00	\$60.00
6 inches	\$3.50	\$5.75	\$10.50	\$26.25	\$42.00	\$70.00
7 inches	\$4.00	\$6.50	\$12.00	\$30.00	\$48.00	\$80.00
8 inches	\$4.50	\$7.25	\$13.50	\$33.75	\$54.00	\$90.00
9 inches	\$5.00	\$8.00	\$15.00	\$37.50	\$60.00	\$100.00
10 inches	\$5.50	\$8.75	\$16.50	\$41.25	\$66.00	\$110.00

Reading notices to cents a line for first insertion, 5 cents a line for each additional insertion. Classified notices of respect and similar matter at half rates. No specified position.



## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
WM. J. BRYAN,  
of Nebraska.  
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
ARTHUR SEWELL,  
of Maine.  
FOR CONGRESS,  
JOHN B. THOMPSON,  
of Mercer county.  
FOR JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS,  
W. S. PRYOR,  
of Henry County.  
CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENT.

## FOR JAILER.

James C. Lackey is a candidate for Jailer of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

A. T. Fish is a candidate for Jailer of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## FOR SUFF. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Mrs. John Williams is a candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction for Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

J. W. WAGERS is a candidate for Superintendent of Public Schools of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## FOR CLERK MADISON CIRCUIT COURT.

S. H. THORPE, JR., incumbent, is a candidate for Clerk of the Madison Circuit Court, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## FOR SHERIFF.

H. H. COLEMAN is a candidate for Sheriff of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## FOR COUNTY ASSESSOR.

JAMES C. MILLER is a candidate for Assessor of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## THE NEXT CONGRESS MUST BE FOR FREE-SILVER, THEREFORE VOTE FOR THOMPSON.

MR. BRYAN MUST HAVE A FREE-SILVER CONGRESS IN ORDER TO HAVE FREE-SILVER LEGISLATION.

## CHAIRMAN JONES OF THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE SENDS OUT AN ESTIMATE OF THE ELECTORAL VOTE SHOWING THAT BRYAN HAS 279 CERTAIN, MCKINLEY 81, WHILE THERE ARE ONLY 87 DOUBTFUL, WHICH SHOWS THAT MAT QUAY'S COUNT, PUTTING MCKINLEY IN BY A BIG MAJORITY, WAS MORE WIND THAN FACTS.

## MY LORDS, MY LADIES.

On last Monday was witnessed a gathering at this place that had more of the air of royalty than any gathering ever before seen. It appeared that all the lords and ladies of Richmond and vicinity had turned out to welcome to our midst two men who were to speak for the oppressed and final doom of the debtor and middle classes of our people. So many double teams and royal liveries were never in attendance here before. The golden rod was the flower used in decorating the room in which the speeches were delivered. It was a fine emblem. If the gold standard prevents this people will truly be ruled with a rod. That assemblage ought to open the eyes of some here who seem to be unconcerned about the lot of their fellowmen.

## THE MONEY QUESTION.

The Common Sense of It.

After many years of discussion the financial question has resolved itself into three very simple propositions. At least \$90,000,000 additional circulation is required each year in the United States to keep up with the growth of population and business, and the questions are, what shall this money consist of, and where shall it come from? The only practicable plans are:

(1) To borrow from English capitalists, through their agents on Wall Street. This plan has the disadvantage of adding to our already burdensome foreign debt, and increasing the drain of money to pay annual interest charges.

(2) To authorize the National Banks to increase their note issues, and offer them liberal inducements to that end. This would put in a few hands the entire control and profits of the money supply of the country and result in creating a monopoly so strong that it would be virtually impossible at a future time to break its power. Please note that neither of the above plans will give employment to an additional man, or benefit industry in any line.

(3) To adopt free coinage of both silver and gold, and thereby increase the production of American money to meet the demands of business for additional money.

The deposits of gold and silver, mingled in about equal proportions,

cover nearly one-half the area of the United States, and are too vast for any possible combination to control. Under our liberal laws, mines are subject to free appropriation by the first discoverer, and there are large districts undoubtedly rich in mineral, which have not even been prospected, and thousands of promising leads waiting for capital and labor to develop. The adoption of bimetalism at the November election, and the resulting advance in price of silver, means an immediate demand for the services of at least 500,000 men in the mines and contributory industries, and therequirements of the new settlers will start all the Eastern factories to work with a full complement of hands.

The election of Bryan and a friendly Congress will of itself settle every question at present disturbing the country, by the simple process of giving work to the idle.

Behind the cry of the "honest dollar" and apprehensions about the "honor of the nation" will be found the selfish interests of the Wall Street bankers and others interested in the money monopoly who have contributed a corruption fund of \$20,000,000 to hire speakers, subsidized newspapers and flood the country with literature creating the impression that there is a popular demand for the single gold standard.

If they succeed at the coming election it means that every note thereafter taken will contain a clause requiring payment in gold alone, and four years hence it will be impossible to shake off the yoke. They will have the United States treasury absolutely under control and can force bond issue at any time to any amount, and buy them at their own price. Every objection monopoly and trust is working and contributing to the success of the gold standard and against a policy which will enable the mines in the public domain to be developed and a sufficient supply of standard money to be produced by the labor of the people.

Where will the producing classes stand?

## A GREAT BARBECUE.

Thousands of People in Procession and at the Fair Ground.

Yesterday Was a Glorious Day For Democracy.

Here Is The Order of Parade As Issued by Chief Marshal J. M. Poyntz:

Chief Marshal J. M. Poyntz, J. R. Terrill, Assistant.

Staff—Hon. Jno. D. Goodloe, David C. Munday, John R. Gibson, William Langford, Harvey Chenault, Jr., Dr. L. J. Frazier, Frank French, Con Taylor, Geo. Evans, Jr., W. D. Oldham, James Walker, James Huguely, W. A. Williams, J. P. White.

Couriers—Cas. Tribble, Kit Chenault, Jr., Dan Breck, D. R. Tevis, Frank Tevis, John Hagan, John Chambers James Noland, James White, Geo. Simmons, Elmer Deatherage, Joel Tribble, Thos. Collins.

The Mounted Clubs form as follows:

North and Main Sts.

Waco, on 5th between North and Moberley Sts.

Foxtown, on 6th between Main and North Sts.

Kirkville, on 7th between Main and North Sts.

Valley View, on North St. between 6th and 8th Sts.

Kingston, on North between 5th and 6th Sts.

Union, on Moberley between 3d and 5th Sts.

Speedwell, on Moberley between 2d and 3d Sts.

Rod House, on Walnut between 3d and 5th Sts.

Red House, on 5th between Moberley and Walnut Sts.

Doyleville, on Walnut between 2d and 3d Sts.

Ladies' Mounted Clubs will meet in front of Court House, then line will be formed on 4th Street.

Clubs on foot will be formed on 2d Street. Extending line out to Caldwell High School building.

Visiting Clubs will be formed on 1st Street.

The parade will move promptly at 10:30 a. m., East out Main to Estill; thence North to Fair Grounds.

1st. Chief of Police and Assistant.

2d. Richmond Silver Band.

3d. Richmond Bryan-Sewell Club on foot.

4th. Visiting Clubs on foot.

5th. Speakers in carriages.

6th. 16 to Ladies' Club, white horses, by twos.

7th. Ladies' Clubs by fours.

8th. Richmond Mounted Club, Waco, Foxtown, Kirkville, Valley View, Kingston, Union City, Red House, Speedwell, College Hill, Doyleville, Newby and Crutcher were assigned places in line of march.

Red House and White Hall Clubs each had 16 young ladies in white mounted on white horses, and one in gold on a "yellow" horse. The long procession moved toward the fair grounds, observed by thousands along the way.

Our next Congressman opened the speaking and received marked attention and applause. Gov. Stone, of Missouri, was a favorite of the day. Many say his speech was the most powerful free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver ever listened to in Richmond, and convincing to every one who heard it. Gov. McCrory, Hon. C. J. Bronston and others were on the program.

Everybody took to the burgio like ducks to water.

Rain interfered seriously, beginning at noon.

"It was a famous victory."

Who says Madison is not for Bryan and free-silver?

## Dirty Crowd.

As the parade passed Hagan's corner on yesterday a man wearing a yellow ribbon remarked that the horsemen in the parade were the dirtiest, grimeiest set he ever saw.

A negro standing by said, "That's boss, that so." The gold bug smiled as if he had said something very smart about the farmers of the county.

## Puts Up Money And A Steer.

An enthusiastic colored man is for Bryan and the legal use of both gold and silver as money. Speed Walker, one of the wealthiest colored men in Madison county, has declared for Bryan and Sewell. He made a splendid donation in cash and a fat steer for the barbecue on yesterday.

We believe his influence will be for greater than estimated by his Republican friends. Speed has always been a conservative good citizen. We trust that many of his race will profit by his manly stand for the cause of humanity and the cause of the people and come out boldly as true patriotic citizens and show to the country that they are free men indeed, and not dominated and owned by the Republican party.

## Died At 93.

Mrs. Patsy Lipscomb died at her home in Lexington, on Wednesday morning, October 14th, after a brief illness, aged 93 years. She was buried in the Lexington cemetery on Friday.

Mrs. Lipscomb was born in Madison county in 1803, and was a daughter of Col. Humphrey Jones, one of Madison's most prominent citizens in those old days, having represented the county in the House and Senate. In 1814 he built the brick house that yet stands on the Red House pike, opposite Thomas Phelps. He was a large and influential family, and his children were educated at the best schools. The deceased married William Lipscomb, a brother of Mrs. Dr. Moberley, this place, and another sister married the late R. G. Martin, and now lives at Calcutt.

Mrs. Lipscomb retained a clear mind to the last, and was physically remarkable. Her memory was a storehouse of information concerning the days of this county. She was a consistent christian and a woman of the finest characteristics.

## GOVERNOR LESLIE.

Ex-Governor P. H. Leslie, of Montana, has been greeting his friends here for the past few days. This is his first visit back among the scenes of his youth and riper years since he was appointed Governor of Montana and left for his new home in the West about eleven years ago. Apparently, Gov. Leslie has aged scarcely a day during his sojourn in the West, and carries the seventy-seven years of his life as lightly as a young man wears his button-hole bouquet. He reports the Kentucky contingent, which went from here to Montana, as all prospering, and many of them prominent citizens of their adopted State. He is himself now United States District Attorney for the Montana district—Glasgow Times.

## ANOTHER PURSE FOR TROTTERS.

The Stock Farm, that reliable and progressive horse journal published at Lexington, Ky., comes to the front again this week with another liberal purse for trotters and pacers. The horsemen seem to appreciate this effort in their behalf since the publishers inform us that they received over five hundred entries to a similar purse given last year. The Stock Farm certainly deserves to be successful in their undertaking, as they are offering to the horsemen of the country a chance to win more money for a small investment than was ever given them before. In fact, it only costs the ridiculously low sum of one-twentieth of one per cent to enter, and less than one per cent to start for a purse of \$6,000. They guarantee the purse to be the amount and the nomination is taking no chance whatever other than that which depends upon the ability of his colt to go fast enough to win.

## HELEN KELLAR, BLIND AND DEAF, ENTERS HARVARD.

Boston, October 12. Helen Kellar, blind, deaf, and, scintless, has passed the Harvard examination with credit.

She had no preparation and the examiners did not know who she was.

She will enter Radcliffe (Harvard annex) at a younger age than most freshmen.

Mr. Gilman, the director of the school, wished when Miss Kellar was first brought to him to find out how great had been her progress in the different subjects which she had studied. To this end he gave her some of the preliminary Harvard examination papers, the same papers which were presented to candidates at Harvard and Radcliffe College last June.

Though she had never had any preparation for college examinations, in fact, had never had examinations of any sort, she passed the papers submitted with credit. The time allowed for each paper was precisely the same as that given at regular examinations, but the questions had, of course, to be read to Miss Kellar, which made the time left for answering them considerably less.

The answers were typewritten in clear, precise English, and almost without mistake, either in spelling, punctuation or subject matter.

The Harvard examiners to which they were submitted agreed that, judging by the same standard by which they are accustomed to judge all papers, Miss Kellar passed in every subject tried.

These subjects were English, French, German and history.

Thus she has already passed five honors of Radcliffe's elementary examinations; this, too, at the uncommonly early age of sixteen, after only nine years of conscious development.

Helen Kellar was born in Alabama July 27, 1880, her father being a former Confederate officer, and later a United States marshal. No attempt at education was made for the first seven years of her apparently hopeless life.

It was when about eighteen months old that she lost all senses but that of touch. In 1887 she was taken to the Perkins School for the Blind, in Boston, and placed under the care of Miss Sullivan, who devoted her life to the education of the little unfortunate.

Three years later she had learned to articulate, and with a rapidly undiminished by those who had to do with children in the possession of their full faculties.

In 1894 she was removed to the Wright Hannon School in New York relating to become an inmate of a school built in London for the blind.

Soon after that she became apt in interpreting the speech of others by feeling their lips, and now is able to communicate with any one within reach of her sensitive finger tips.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

### VALLEY VIEW.

H. H. Poston and family visited at Versailles Sunday.

Meers, Elkin and Scott of Lexington, Ky., addressed the nonpartisan sound money club Saturday night. A slim attendance, as the 83 cent racket don't take in this neck of the woods.

Two hundred members of the J. G. Burns free silver democratic club was addressed by their president Dr. Northcutt at Millers school-house Saturday night.

James M. Hill's pet dog Fluff passed through a trying ordeal lately such as no other species of the canine family has subjected to. It "freed" a ground hog in a hole in the ground and being determined to secure said ground hog it entered the den and in making an effort to secure its object it packed the dirt behind in the entrance and thus buried itself in the earth.

It remained in the ground eight days and was found by Harmon Ranzner who was rambling over pastures green when he heard a sound of agony coming from little Fluff which had nearly dug its way out of its hiding place. He listened and made his way toward the spot from whence the sound emanated, and his hoe in hand he liberated the pet from its imprisonment.

Several July Ridge beauties were in this city Sunday.

Miss Robinson of the Big Hill locality is spending a few days with the family of Wm. Ledford.

Miss Susie Nave of Nicholasville has taken charge of the millinery department of J. W. Masters & Co's store.

### PAINT LICK.

Miss Inez Gunter of Cleveland visited Mr. and Mrs. Ed Norris last week.

Mrs. James Gibson of Richmond visited Mr. and Mrs. Ed Norris last week.

Carlos Fish returned Monday to Georgetown to school after a visit to parents.

Mr. McClannahan is stationed at Berry Station this week—he is succeeded here by Mr. Winkler of Fort Hill.

Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Crawford held a family reunion Monday at Mr. Crawford's family; those present were:

His father C. S. Crawford, of Louisville, Ky., Mrs. Moffet of Lexington, Mo., and Messrs. Geo. M. and Newton Crawford and families of Louisville Ky., who spent several days with Mr. and Mrs. Crawford.

Mr. Mort Rothwell of Lancaster spoke to an appreciative and large crowd here Saturday afternoon. His speech was well received and created a great amount of enthusiasm.

Mr. P. H. Sullivan is expected to address the voters of this precinct at Lowell on Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.

Fannie and Erera Wallace of Point Leavel spent Sunday with the Miss Francis.

### EDENTON.

Elvada Vinson is improving after a long spell of fever.

Born, to the wife of Wylie Burton a girl.

Born, to the wife of James Flater, a boy.

Born, to the wife of Dan Simpson, a boy.

Died, a two-year old child of Sidney Masters. Buried at Friendship church on Silver creek.

Reagan & Ham have just laid in a large stock of winter goods.

Maybelle Fayne has been visiting her Uncle Irvine Roberts at Ruthton.

Walter Hendren, of Nicholasville, was over the other day.

Simps Warren is building himself a new barn.

N. P. Cobb, a nice young widower, is all smiles now. Lookout girls, you will hear something.

### NEWBY.

A. J. Holman is going to the Infirmary to be treated for an abscess on his hip joint. He has the sympathy of all his neighbors and relatives who hope for a speedy recovery.

Latter Bogie died last Tuesday and was buried Wednesday at Bogie burying ground.

Owen Newby has gone to Fayette county on business.

Mrs. W. B. Newby was out buggy riding last week. She has been an invalid for several years.

H. B. Hogg and J. Speed Smith spoke at Newby last Saturday. L. N. Douglas asked for a diversion of time and was granted 15 minutes. When he spoke the negroes and rabid whites yelled, howled, and treated him shamefully.

Dr. J. A. Davis will move into his new dwelling next week.

The farmers are sowing wheat and rye.

Free Silver is gaining in this community. There are few Republicans who will vote for Bryan & Sewell that will not talk. And others are openly advocating Bryan & Sewell.

### KINGSTON.

Mr. Roy White, has returned from a business trip to Somerset.

Miss Mattie Shifflet and her cousin and brother have returned from a chautin hunt in the mountains, where they met a party of young people.

### KINGSTON.

[DELETED.]

Prof. J. Robert Boatman is spending the week at St. Louis.

Mrs. Mahala Pigg, who was quite low of malarial fever is again able to be out.

Mrs. Morris, of Hopkenville, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Dr. Hurst, of this place.

Mr. J. R. Azbell was in Laurel, Jackson and Clay counties last week, on official business.

Owing to Bro. Mehan's illness, the projected meeting at the Hayt Fork church was closed last week with no additions.

Mr. Walden, a very efficient blacksmith from College Hill, has accepted a position in Mr. D. D. Pennington's shop, at this place.

Hon. John B. Thompson addressed the followers of the white metal at this place last Friday night. The audience however, was quite slim. We are credibly informed that the number did not exceed fifty.

Last Saturday afternoon Hon. A. B. Burman spoke for one hour to about 125 persons, upon the issues of the day. After Mr. Burman had concluded his father, Hon. C. F. Burman, also gave a short talk.

## FACTS ABOUT FINANCES.

If the people of this country who constitute the producing class get to understand the value of that money and thereby the value of all commodities and debts? If harvest hands are few you have to pay more for them. If dollars are few you must give more wheat, more cattle, more labor to get one of them. The size of the dollar does not change, but it is the wheat in the sack which rises higher, and it takes a cow to bring what should have been the price of a calf. Does not then the value of a dollar depend upon how many dollars of full purchasing and debt paying power there are in circulation? Is not the value of money, like the value of everything else in this world, regulated by the law of supply and demand? Economists agree upon these ideas. Suppose there was only one hundred thousand dollars of legal tender money in this country with which to do all its business. Would any one claim that such a dollar was an honest dollar, a dollar containing one hundred cents in silver or gold? While the size and impression of this so-called honest dollar would remain the same, would not its value as measured by wheat, corn, sugar, etc., be equal to what ten or twenty thousand dollars should be? Then, how much money have we in the United States in circulation? Have we enough? If not, how much more do we need? If we need more how shall we get it?

In the circular issued by John G. Carlisle, Secretary of the Treasury, July 31, 1884, it is stated that there is in circulation per capita for the year 1880 of \$21.10 and that the population of the United States is 71,300,000. This is of every kind of money, but there is no such amount in circulation. But for the sake of argument admit that there is. What is the most prosperous nation in the world to-day? It is France. Mr. Carlisle states in the same circular that France has a per capita circulation of \$35.77, therefore, we should have to add to the volume of our circulating money over \$910,000,000 to make our per capita circulation equal to that of France. If \$35.77 is a good thing for France, would it not be a safe limit to which this country should aim? Is this per capita circulation? And we need it now. When our population and business further increase we shall need more. We shall have to increase the capacity of our mints to coin this amount of money within such time as to make any perceptible change for the better in the depressed financial condition of our country. This can be easily done by increasing the number of mints, for if we should coin an amount equal to the present circulation, we would be compelled to add to our currency, viz: fifty-four millions a year, it would take 16 years to increase our volume of currency to as much as we need now. By that time the increase of population and business might require as much more. There never was enough money in the history of this world. No one need fear that the Sherman purchasing bill will ever be passed. It would require a great number of those who are interested in keeping it as small in volume as possible will always be sufficient to keep the people of any country from getting as much as they need. Comparison is often made of the conditions in Mexico with those of the United States. It can not be claimed that any financial system can adequately change the character of any civilization. It would require a great many other things to make Mexico as prosperous a nation as the United States, but it is true that Mexico is more prosperous to-day than ever before in her history, although she is doing business under an imperfect bimetallic standard.

The influence of a volume of currency upon the prosperity of her people will also be seen if it is questioned from the circular of the Secretary of the Treasury just quoted that her per capita circulation in all kinds of money is but \$4.95. You can accurately ascertain the prosperity of any civilized country in the world by its volume of circulating money. The per capita of gold in the United States according to Mr. Carlisle's circular is \$8.41. This estimate is questioned and by many denied as being too large, but for the sake of argument let it be admitted; and if the values of all commodities, of labor and of debts shall be estimated by the amount of gold which we have in this country, as those who advocate the gold standard propose, one can readily see what will be the disastrous effect upon the producing interests of this country until we shall return to the money of our fathers, the money of the Constitution and which was favored by law down to the year 1873.

### SOUND MONEY MAN.







# THE CLIMAX.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 21, - 1896

—Wheat is needing rain.  
—Glyndon Friday night.  
—Hotel Glyndon, Friday night.  
—Wheat bobbed up 7 cents in Chicago last week.

—That delightful concert at Hotel Glyndon, Friday night.

—Don't forget that White's drugstore has been removed.

—W. R. Carr Panola, sold to James C. Miller 21 sheep for \$75.

—The McKinley delegation from Richmond to Canton, numbered five.

—Don't leave John B. Thompson out of your calculation on election day.

—County Clerk Vaughn, of Estill, who has been dangerously sick, is better.

The Curd residence, near High Bridge, built 1793, was burned on the 10th.

—It is just as important to vote for John B. Thompson as it is to vote for Bryan.

—Claude Smith & Co.'s sale of Bridgford Economy ranges has reached 100.

—The 8th Kentucky Cavalry, C. S. A., will hold a re-union at Nicholasville to-day.

—If you like good music, vocal or instrumental, go to the Hotel Glyndon, Friday night.

Capt. N. D. Burrus, a hero of two wars, is confined to his bed with congestion of the brain.

—Foreman Bradshaw of the Register, is the delighted daddy of a darling little daughter.

—Joint debate at Court House, 1230 to-day, between Roberts and Hook, of Tennessee.

—Mason & Ford lost their \$165.00 tax case in the Court of Appeals, the court saying they must pay.

—Gov. W. J. Stone arrived in Richmond on Monday evening and spent the night at Mr. T. D. Chenais.

—Cornelson is running his clover huller, but says clover seed are exceedingly scarce in the county.

Dr. L. J. Frazee, Capt. J. D. Frazee and Mr. H. J. Strong attended the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows at Frankfort.

—The Richmond Silver Band played at the great Shelbyville barbecue last Thursday, and acquitted itself handsomely.

—A pair of fine mules, belonging to W. R. Carr, Panola, ran away, killing one mare and tearing a new wagon to pieces.

The regular session of the teachers association was held at Waco on Sunday with a good attendance and a nice time all the way round.

—For benefit of the Methodist church organ fund, musical entertainment at Hotel Glyndon, Friday night, and everybody should attend.

—John B. Embury sold to Frank Miller, Bridgeport, Conn., a four-year-old lay mare, Dot, trial 2:22, by Epoch, for \$14,000—Nicholasville Journal.

Don't forget that it is just as important to vote for Thompson as it is to vote for Bryan, as a President without a Congress favorable to him is powerless.

—A boy threw a handful of gravel at the torch-light procession in Lexington, and a pebble struck C. J. Bronston in the mouth, causing him to stop speaking.

—A Republican who believes in the free coinage of silver, is the heading of a bill gotten up in Nicholasville for a speaking by O. H. Brewer, at Camp Nelson, Friday.

—A portrait of the late Hon. G. C. Lockhart, by Professor Alexander, was on exhibition here court day for observation before full completion.—Paris Kentuckian-Citizen.

—Fifty or sixty teachers and their friends met at Boonesborough Saturday, carried out an instructive program, had lunch, saw the sights, and felt repaid for the day's journey.

—William R. Lanter, special commissioner of the Clark Circuit Court, offers for sale in this issue of the CLIMAX, a farm of 113 acres on Lower Howard creek in Clark County.

—Mrs. George White has removed her dress making from the Dillingham building, where she has been for seventeen years, to Water Street, second door from Donelson's carriage works.

—C. E. Woods, editor of the Register, was re-elected Grand Recorder of the Grand Chapter of the Sigma Xi Fraternity at St. Louis, last Thursday, an honor worthily and well bestowed.

—Miss Sue D. McHenry, of Owensboro, a descendant of Barnabas McHenry and the Hardin family, both sometime residents of Richmond, will wed Dr. Wilbur F. Fitzalan on the 26th.

—We do not claim to make the cheapest clothing on earth, but we will make it cheaper and in all other respects equal to any you have ever bought in Richmond. Come and see our line of samples. We guarantee a fit. Suits to order \$15 and up. W. D. Ham, Agent for The Globe Tailoring Co.

Rented.  
On Saturday, the B. J. Clay farm, just outside the limits on the Lexington pike, rented to Wink Duncan for \$1,015, or \$10 more than last year.

Club at Boggs School-house.  
On Saturday night, a Bryan & Sewall club was formed at Boggs School-house, near Red House, about 30 members. D. H. Cogey, the "patriotic orator" of Winchester spoke.

Married.  
Miss Mary Smith, of Richmond, daughter of the late Sheriff Presley Smith, was married in Louisville last Thursday to Mr. George Walden, of Danville. The groom is a brother of Eld Jesse Walden.

Monument to Baff.  
Readers of the CLIMAX will recall that the late A. D. Huff left \$1,000 to the League of American Wheelmen. The League has decided to erect a monument at the donor's grave in Owensville, to cost \$1,000.

## Non Compos Anxiosus.

The friends of H. Leo Davis, the penitentiary inmate of the Richmond Register, need have no fears as to his condition. The event that came off at his home (the arrival of a big fat baby) brought on his remarkable feat of standing on his left ear for an hour at the top of the stairs of his office.—Jackson Hustler.

A Yard of Potatoes.  
There is on exhibition at the CLIMAX office a sweet potato twenty-two inches long, not including the bends in it. If straight, would probably measure a yard in length. Its circumference at the greatest point is four and one-half inches. It was grown on Dan Benton's Drowning Creek farm. The Benton's have never been small potatoes since that old Duke, Thomas H., wrote his "Thirty Years in Congress."

Lucy Gilbert Sold.  
R. P. Fox & Son sold their fast mare, Lucy Gilbert, by Dr. Hooker, out of Fleet by Warlock, in Lexington, last week, for \$700. A. T. White, editor of the Chicago Herald, was the purchaser. Before the sale she trotted a half mile in 1:24, the fastest time ever made on a Lexington track. This is a feather in "Dr. Hooker's" cap.

The Messrs. Fox also sold Col. Carver and Joe Hooker at good prices. They report horse buyers from England, France and Austria and a good feeling in horse circles.

Bad Accident.  
While adjusting some machinery at the Lancaster flour mills, Mr. Will Rucker, the miller, got his hand between the rollers and three fingers were mashed flat before he could extricate the hand. The machinery had just been started and was moving slowly, or his whole arm would have been drawn in and mashed. As it was, he had a very narrow escape from what might have proven a fatal accident. Mr. Rucker is about the youngest miller in the state, but ranks at the top of his profession. The accident will keep him from work for a week or two.—Lancaster Record.

Sold for Twenty Thousand Dollars.  
Messrs. Bowman & Clay sold, yesterday, for W. F. DeLong, of Lexington, Ky., his farm, containing 400 acres, six miles from Lexington, on the Richmond pike. Mr. Thomas H. Stevens, the well known turfman, was the purchaser and the price paid was \$20,000. In addition to the above, the same firm has sold within thirty days three farms, one at \$17,500 one at \$16,400 and another at \$11,700. Two other business properties, one at \$7,750 and the other at \$6,500; two residences, one at \$8,400, the other \$6,500.—Lexington Leader.

Tom Stevens is a Boonesborough production, a son of the late John Stevens.

Is Not For Bryan.  
At the request of Mr. J. Stone Walker we copy the following clipped from the Courier-Journal of October 14, 1896:

COL. J. STONE WALKER SAYS HE WILL VOTE FOR PALMER, BUCKNER, AND GOVERNOR MONEY.

Richmond, Ky., Oct. 14, '96. Col. J. Stone Walker, President of the Second National Bank of this city, who is a well known financier and a native time all the way round.

—For benefit of the Methodist church organ fund, musical entertainment at Hotel Glyndon, Friday night, and everybody should attend.

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—A Republican who believes in the free coinage of silver, is the heading of a bill gotten up in Nicholasville for a speaking by O. H. Brewer, at Camp Nelson, Friday.

—A portrait of the late Hon. G. C. Lockhart, by Professor Alexander, was on exhibition here court day for observation before full completion.—Paris Kentuckian-Citizen.

—Fifty or sixty teachers and their friends met at Boonesborough Saturday, carried out an instructive program, had lunch, saw the sights, and felt repaid for the day's journey.

—William R. Lanter, special commissioner of the Clark Circuit Court, offers for sale in this issue of the CLIMAX, a farm of 113 acres on Lower Howard creek in Clark County.

—Mrs. George White has removed her dress making from the Dillingham building, where she has been for seventeen years, to Water Street, second door from Donelson's carriage works.

—C. E. Woods, editor of the Register, was re-elected Grand Recorder of the Grand Chapter of the Sigma Xi Fraternity at St. Louis, last Thursday, an honor worthily and well bestowed.

—Miss Sue D. McHenry, of Owensboro, a descendant of Barnabas McHenry and the Hardin family, both sometime residents of Richmond, will wed Dr. Wilbur F. Fitzalan on the 26th.

—We do not claim to make the cheapest clothing on earth, but we will make it cheaper and in all other respects equal to any you have ever bought in Richmond. Come and see our line of samples. We guarantee a fit. Suits to order \$15 and up. W. D. Ham, Agent for The Globe Tailoring Co.

Rented.  
On Saturday, the B. J. Clay farm, just outside the limits on the Lexington pike, rented to Wink Duncan for \$1,015, or \$10 more than last year.

Club at Boggs School-house.  
On Saturday night, a Bryan & Sewall club was formed at Boggs School-house, near Red House, about 30 members. D. H. Cogey, the "patriotic orator" of Winchester spoke.

Married.  
Miss Mary Smith, of Richmond, daughter of the late Sheriff Presley Smith, was married in Louisville last Thursday to Mr. George Walden, of Danville. The groom is a brother of Eld Jesse Walden.

Monument to Baff.  
Readers of the CLIMAX will recall that the late A. D. Huff left \$1,000 to the League of American Wheelmen. The League has decided to erect a monument at the donor's grave in Owensville, to cost \$1,000.

## White's drugstore removed to upper Main street.

—Silver Jorgensen lost. Liberal reward. Leave at CLIMAX office.

—Round trip to Cincinnati Sunday, Oct. 25 via L. & N.; leaving on fast line at 3:19 a. m.

At Red House.  
D. H. Gains the "Painter" Orator of Winchester will speak at Red House Saturday evening Oct. 24, at 7 o'clock.

Thousands.  
The estimates of the crowd at the barbecue yesterday from a consensus of opinion was placed at from five to eight thousand. There were about 2,000 horsemen and ladies in the line of march.

In Gold.  
Hon. A. T. Chenais offered Miller Davidson \$55.00 per acre for a farm recently bought by Mr. Davidson for which he gave \$52.00 per acre, provided Bryan and a Congress favorable to his views were elected and that he would obligate payment in gold.

Spirit of Farmers.  
The spirit of farmers and a desire for an open and free discussion of the silver issue is exhibited by the Democracy throughout the country. On last Saturday night at Valley View the President of the Bryan and Sewall Club stated that if any Republican present desired to ask any questions or speak to the club he was cordially invited to do so. Neither the Republicans nor gold bugs have exhibited any such spirit of farmers in this campaign.

A marked copy of the Washington Star carried at this office gives the sad details of the suicide of Dillard F. Ragland in Washington city on Thursday night. He was twenty-seven years old, and his parents live at Goliad, Texas. He was a young man of exemplary habits, and about six months ago went to Washington to take a position as messenger in the Internal Revenue department of the treasury, having passed the civil service examination. For some time he had been living at Mrs. Griffith's boarding house, No. 8141 E street northwest, and it was in this house that he ended his life by inhaling gas.

He was engaged to be married to Miss Bessie Garley, of Dallas, Texas, and his wedding day was set for yesterday. Being without funds to defray the expenses of the wedding trip young Ragland became despondent and took his life rather than bear the great disappointment.

When his lifeless body was discovered at the boarding house word was sent to his cousin, A. C. Quisenberry, No. 737 1/2 street northwest, who had Undertaker Spence take charge of the body and prepare it for burial. The remains were sent to his Texas home for interment.

A pathetic feature of the case is the fact that Friday a telegram came to the dead man from his father in Texas stating that funds for his trip and for his marriage expenses had been placed to his order in a local bank.

Dillard Ragland was a descendant of one of the oldest and best families of this county and leaves many relatives and friends here to mourn his sad and untimely end.—Winchester Democrat.

"Wind in the Blood."  
Mr. William Cochran at White's Station, usually pronounced "Cawhorn," has an old medical book with some new ideas now that they are so old. The title is "Valuable Medical Prescriptions for the Cure of all Nervous and Putrid Disorders." By Doctor Richard Carter, Frankfort, Ky., 1815. Glancing hurriedly over the pages, we noticed this chapter: "Nervous colic, or Wind in the Blood." We should think that fellow would be more or less uncomfortable with the mere thought of the whizzing around through his veins and arterial systems.

Mr. Cochran has an Edinburgh Bible of 1760. "The Schoolmaster's Assistant," Wilmington, 1796, a Farmers' Almanac, Louisville, by Dr. J. R. Ray, Almanac, Lexington, 1882, by John Bradford.

The old, long, flint-lock rifle and belt knife used by his father in the war of '12 are also in possession of Mr. Cochran, and a cuckoo clock that belonged to his grandfather. The cuckoo goes just as it did a century or more ago, opens the door and thrusts its head out as cunningly as ever.

Madison county should have a public library and museum, and such good citizens as Mr. Cochran would donate their interesting old books and relics where they would be preserved.

A little care is necessary. At bedtime the fire is prepared for the night; large basket grate, from which the ashes have been shaken down, is half full of glowing coals and a quart or two of unconsumed coals burning. The ashpan is likely full from the day's fire. Without moving the ashpan the ashes are pushed well back to allow room for water to be poured in the pan at one corner. This must be done carefully or the hot ashes will fly out. As soon as the ashes are thoroughly wet they are placed next the brick at the back of the fire. Then water to the amount of a gallon or more is added to the ashes until they are very wet, so that the water will run from them when raised on the shovel; then they are placed on the fire with only the wet ashpan coals showing below, and a little place in the middle, or one place through the fire to the chimney. Then the hearth is cleaned, there being usually less dust than when ashes are carried out. The fire shovel is washed by pouring water over it into the ashpan, giving chance, too, for a little more steam, and the fire is going out, for stirring will prove fatal to it, but leave it strictly to attend to its own business. If one has good coal a bright bed of coals will greet him in the morning, the unconsumed coal of the previous evening requiring only breaking and fresh coals added. Some coal requires the emptying of the ashpan after four days, but that which we are now using forms very few embers, though the ashes consumed well.—E. T. T. in Commercial Tribune.

Hon. Lon Stephens, Democratic candidate for Governor of Missouri, has been confined to a dark room, the past ten days, with eye trouble.

WANTED.—FAITHFUL MEN OR WOMEN to travel for responsible established house in Kentucky. Salary \$750 and expenses. Position permanent. References. Enclosed stamped envelopes. The National Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.



## Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts are made, and the fact that the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by the value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the only remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore of great importance, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with constipation, however, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

On To Canton.  
The great event and much advertised trip to Canton, to see and hear the great and only McKinley, that our Republican friends of Richmond have long looked forward to with fond anticipation, came to a dull thud Friday night, when hundreds were expected to go by actual count there was only six. Two or three of the more exclusive ideas took a previous train, expecting by so doing to avoid the jam of the rougher element that was expected. When the train pulled out about 10 o'clock the lonely six from Richmond left on the platform seventy-five or hundred negroes, with their mouths waiting for the feast that they will never get one of the favored six told them they would be needed November 3d, and he would see McKinley for them and tell them all about him when they come back.

—Dr. Goldstein, optician, at Glyndon, Oct. 26 and 27.

Burn Your Coal Ashes.  
How many housekeepers know that ashes can be burned, and the drudgery, dirt and inconvenience they occasion be in good measure overcome? Possibly thousands, but I doubt it, never having found one. In my bedroom a bright fire has been kept all day and as comfortable a one at night as any I have ever had in a sleeping apartment without the unpleasant necessity of replenishing it during the night. Yet it has required the emptying of the medium filled ashpan of residue only at the end of a week.

Most people know wet cinders will burn, but, oh! the disagreeableness of separating them from the ashes.

Many persons know also that a fire covered with dry or sprinkled ashes will burn tolerably well, but the ashpan will be filled after one night's fire.

Many years ago I tried with most satisfactory results the experiment of burning cinders and ashes together in the range, that the cook might have a warm kitchen to enter in the mornings of a bitterly cold winter. I discovered that by wetting the ashes thoroughly with water they would be, almost entirely consumed.

We are a great extent creatures of habit, so never advise burning ashes except in severely cold weather.

Housemaids find it especially convenient and safe when a fire is required to be burning all day and the family is out, in fact, so satisfactory that they have written to their homes that their parents, too, might derive the advantage of this knowledge.

During these days, when a grate fire is so cheering, the temperature too warm to permit the lighting of the large furnace, the remembrance of my experiment came with the thought: If this were generally known by those without furnace how much suffering from cold might be alleviated.

A little care is necessary. At bedtime the fire is prepared for the night; large basket grate, from which the ashes have been shaken down, is half full of glowing coals and a quart or two of unconsumed coals burning. The ashpan is likely full from the day's fire. Without moving the ashpan the ashes are pushed well back to allow room for water to be poured in the pan at one corner. This must be done carefully or the hot ashes will fly out. As soon as the ashes are thoroughly wet they are placed next the brick at the back of the fire. Then water to the amount of a gallon or more is added to the ashes until they are very wet, so that the water will run from them when raised on the shovel; then they are placed on the fire with only the wet ashpan coals showing below, and a little place in the middle, or one place through the fire to the chimney. Then the hearth is cleaned, there being usually less dust than when ashes are carried out. The fire shovel is washed by pouring water over it into the ashpan, giving chance, too, for a little more steam, and the fire is going out, for stirring will prove fatal to it, but leave it strictly to attend to its own business. If one has good coal a bright bed of coals will greet him in the morning, the unconsumed coal of the previous evening requiring only breaking and fresh coals added. Some coal requires the emptying of the ashpan after four days, but that which we are now using forms very few embers, though the ashes consumed well.—E. T. T. in Commercial Tribune.

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## We know whereof we affirm when we state that Ayer's Pills, taken promptly, at the first symptoms of colds and fever, retard further progress of these disorders, and speedily restore the stomach, liver, and bowels, to their normal and regular action.

Seems as if all the things we like disagree with us, and all the things we don't like, agree with us. Dyspepsia lurks in most of the good things we eat, and indigestion follows the gratification of appetite. Of course, it isn't Nature's fault. Nature does the best she can, and if a man will only help her a little bit at the right time, he may eat what he likes and as much as he likes. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are for people who are troubled with indigestion. Particularly for those in whom it manifests itself in the form of constipation. The "Pellets" are quick and easy in their action. They are in perfect harmony with Nature. They effect a permanent cure. You need take them regularly only a little while. After that, you take them occasionally when you need them—when you have eaten anything that disagrees with you. They may be taken just as freely as you would take water or any other necessity of life. Once used they are always in favor. It is also Read This.

Mechanicsville, St. Mary County, Md. I sold a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm to a man who had been suffering with rheumatism for several years. It made him a well man. A. J. McMill. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by T. S. Hagan.

The Darlington, Wis., Journal says editorially of a popular paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy, is all that is claimed for it, as on two occasions it stopped excruciating pains and possibly saved us from an untimely grave. We would not rest easy over night without it in the house. This remedy undoubtedly saves more money and suffering than any other medicine in the world. Every family should keep it in the house, for it is sure to be needed sooner or later. For sale by T. S. Hagan.

J. A. White and son Henry killed two policemen in Columbus, Ga., and when pursued by a posse, wounded two other men, and in turn White was killed.

If your children are subject to croup watch for the first symptom of the disease—hoarseness. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse it is in nothing else the people demand and will be satisfied only with positive, absolute merit. The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla has stood its ground against all competition, and its sales have never wavered but have remained steadily at the top, demonstrates, beyond any doubt, the intrinsic virtue of this medicine. The things have come and gone but Hood's Sarsaparilla rests upon the solid foundation of absolute merit and its power to cure, and its sales continue to be the largest in the world.

The impurities in the blood which cause scrofulous eruptions are thoroughly eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it.

More Curative Power.  
Is contained in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other similar preparation. It costs the proprietor and manufacturer more. It costs the jobber more and it is worth more to the consumer. It has a record of cures unknown to any other preparation. It is the best to buy because it is the One True Blood Purifier.

Churning Done in One Minute.  
I have tried the Lightning Churn, you recently described in your paper, and it is certainly a wonder. I can churn in less than one minute, and the butter is elegant and you get considerably more butter than when you use a common churn. I took the agency for the churn here and every butter-maker sees it buys one. I have sold three dozen and give the best satisfaction. I know I can sell 100 in this town. If this churn so quickly, make so much more butter than common churns and are so cheap. Some one in every township can make two or three hundred dollars selling these churns. By addressing J. F. Casey & Co., St. Louis, you can get circulars and full information so you can make big money right at home. I have made \$80 in the last two weeks and I never sold anything before in my life.

A Farmer. (1)  
Hair Restored to Natural Color.  
I have used many preparations for restoring hair to natural color, but never had satisfactory results till I used Zulu Vulver; it will restore any hair or beard to its natural color in three weeks. If it does not return your money, so you have no risk. People who have tried it can get a sample package which contains enough to restore any one's hair to natural color, by sending 21 two-cent stamps, to pay postage, etc., to Wilson & Co., New Concord, Ohio.

The regular price is \$2.50 per package. If it does not restore your hair to natural color, you may return it for a full refund in three weeks they will return your stamps. This proposition is so fair that thousands are using it. It is harmless, but never fails. Why can't big money be made by selling Zulu Vulver from house to house?

A Good Wind Mill—Make It Yourself.  
I made one of the people's wind mills which I saw recommended in your paper recently, it only cost me \$9.40 and is a splendid mill, my well is deep, but it pumps all right; with very little wind, the neighbors all like it, and as I am a kind of a carpenter, I have agreed to put up nine mills already, on which I can make a nice profit, and there are many others for whom I can put up mills this fall. I don't see why every farmer should not have a wind mill, when they can make it themselves for less than \$10 any one can get diagrams and complete directions for making the wind mill, by sending 18 two-cent stamps to pay postage etc., to E. D. Wilson & Co., Allegheny, Pa., and there can be dozens of them put up in any locality by any one that has energy to do it.

A Farmer. (1)

## Just now everybody is beginning to take a Spring Medicine. And it is a good thing to do provided you take Simmons' Liver Regulator—the best Spring Medicine. It's a sluggish liver that clogs the system and makes bad blood. A dose of a Simmons' Liver Regulator will make a new man out of you, and a new woman too. Look for the Red Z on the package. It is Simmons' Liver Regulator you want.

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed.

It Will Do You Good.  
Are you constipated? Do you have sick headaches? Is your nervous system, liver or kidneys out of order? If so, cure yourself by using Wright's Celery Tea. It improves the complexion. Price 25c. Sold by T. S. Hagan, Druggist, 18-22.

Henry E. Abbey the noted theatrical manager of New York is dead.

In many cases, the first work of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is to expel the effects of the other medicines that have been tried in vain. It would be a saving of time and money if experimenters took Ayer's Sarsaparilla at first instead of at last.

J. A. SULLIVAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, RICHMOND, - KENTUCKY. Office over Taylor's Hardware store, opposite Court House, on Main Street.

## Strayed or Stolen!

A RED YEARLING HEIFER weighing about 900 pounds. Liberal reward.

B. W. COBB, Calcasieu, Ky.

Correct Shapes. Latest Styles. Best Materials. Artistic Effects. Reasonable Prices. Most Comfortable.

Featherbone Corsets and Waists. Correct Shapes. Latest Styles. Best Materials. Artistic Effects. Reasonable Prices. Most Comfortable.

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